

Network Application Platforms

Hardware platforms for next generation networking infrastructure



>>







FX-3411 V0.2

User's Manual

Publication date: 2014-05-07

About

About

Overview

Icon Descriptions

The icons are used in the manual to serve as an indication of interest topics or important messages. Below is a description of these icons:



NOTE: This check mark indicates that there is a note of interest and is something that you should pay special attention to while using the product.



WARNING: This exclamation point indicates that there is a caution or warning and it is something that could damage your property or product.

Online Resources

The listed websites are links to the on-line product information and technical support.

Resource	Website
Lanner	http://www.lannerinc.com
Product Resources	http://www.lannerinc.com/download- center/
RMA	http://eRMA.lannerinc.com

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Compliances

CE

This product has passed the CE test for environmental specifications. Test conditions for passing included the equipment being operated within an industrial enclosure. In order to protect the product from being damaged by ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) and EMI leakage, we strongly recommend the use of CE-compliant industrial enclosure products.

FCC Class A

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

Safety Guidelines

Follow these guidelines to ensure general safety:

- Keep the chassis area clear and dust-free during and after installation.
- Do not wear loose clothing or jewelry that could get caught in the chassis. Fasten your tie or scarf and roll up your sleeves.
- Wear safety glasses if you are working under any conditions that might be hazardous to your eyes.
- Do not perform any action that creates a potential hazard to people or makes the equipment unsafe.
- Disconnect all power by turning off the power and unplugging the power cord before installing or removing a chassis or working near power supplies
- Do not work alone if potentially hazardous conditions exist
- Never assume that power is disconnected from a circuit; always check the circuit.



About

About

LITHIUM BATTERY CAUTION:

Risk of Explosion if Battery is replaced by an incorrect type. Dispose of used batteries according to the instructions

Operating Safety

Electrical equipment generates heat. Ambient air temperature may not be adequate to cool equipment to acceptable operating temperatures without adequate circulation. Be sure that the room in which you choose to operate your system has adequate air circulation.

Ensure that the chassis cover is secure. The chassis design allows cooling air to circulate effectively. An open chassis permits air leaks, which may interrupt and redirect the flow of cooling air from internal components.

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage equipment and impair electrical circuitry. ESD damage occurs when electronic components are improperly handled and can result in complete or intermittent failures. Be sure to follow ESD-prevention procedures when removing and replacing components to avoid these problems.

Wear an ESD-preventive wrist strap, ensuring that it makes good skin contact. If no wrist strap is available, ground yourself by touching the metal part of the chassis.

Periodically check the resistance value of the antistatic strap, which should be between 1 and 10 megohms (Mohms).

EMC Notice

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case users will be required to correct the interference at their own expense.

Consignes de sécurité

Suivez ces consignes pour assurer la sécurité générale :

- Laissez la zone du châssis propre et sans poussière pendant et après l'installation.
- Ne portez pas de vêtements amples ou de bijoux qui pourraient être pris dans le châssis. Attachez votre cravate ou écharpe et remontez vos manches.
- Portez des lunettes de sécurité pour protéger vos yeux.
- N'effectuez aucune action qui pourrait créer un danger pour d'autres ou rendre l'équipement dangereux.
- Coupez complètement l'alimentation en éteignant l'alimentation et en débranchant le cordon d'alimentation avant d'installer ou de retirer un châssis ou de travailler à proximité de sources d'alimentation.
- Ne travaillez pas seul si des conditions dangereuses sont présentes.
- Ne considérez jamais que l'alimentation est coupée d'un circuit, vérifiez toujours le circuit. Cet appareil génère, utilise et émet une énergie radiofréquence et, s'il n'est pas installé et utilisé conformément aux instructions des fournisseurs de composants sans fil, il risque de provoquer des interférences dans les communications radio.

Avertissement concernant la pile au lithium

- Risque d'explosion si la pile est remplacée par une autre d'un mauvais type.
- Jetez les piles usagées conformément aux instructions.
- L'installation doit être effectuée par un électricien formé ou une personne formée à l'électricité connaissant toutes les spécifications d'installation et d'appareil du produit.
- Ne transportez pas l'unité en la tenant par le câble d'alimentation lorsque vous déplacez l'appareil.
- La machine ne peut être utilisée qu'à un lieu fixe comme en laboratoire, salle d'ordinateurs ou salle de classe.



Sécurité de fonctionnement

- L'équipement électrique génère de la chaleur. La température ambiante peut ne pas être adéquate pour refroidir l'équipement à une température de fonctionnement acceptable sans circulation adaptée. Vérifiez que votre site propose une circulation d'air adéquate.
- Vérifiez que le couvercle du châssis est bien fixé. La conception du châssis permet à l'air de refroidissement de bien circuler. Un châssis ouvert laisse l'air s'échapper, ce qui peut interrompre et rediriger le flux d'air frais destiné aux composants internes.
- Les décharges électrostatiques (ESD) peuvent endommager l'équipement et gêner les circuits électriques. Des dégâts d'ESD surviennent lorsque des composants électroniques sont mal manipulés et peuvent causer des pannes totales ou intermittentes. Suivez les procédures de prévention d'ESD lors du retrait et du remplacement de composants.
 - Portez un bracelet anti-ESD et veillez à ce qu'il soit bien au contact de la peau. Si aucun bracelet n'est disponible, reliez votre corps à la terre en touchant la partie métallique du châssis.

Vérifiez régulièrement la valeur de résistance du bracelet antistatique, qui doit être comprise entre 1 et 10 mégohms (Mohms).

Consignes de sécurité électrique

- Avant d'allumer l'appareil, reliez le câble de mise à la terre de l'équipement à la terre.
- Une bonne mise à la terre (connexion à la terre) est très importante pour protéger l'équipement contre les effets néfastes du bruit externe et réduire les risques d'électrocution en cas de foudre.
- Pour désinstaller l'équipement, débranchez le câble de mise à la terre après avoir éteint l'appareil.
- Un câble de mise à la terre est requis et la zone reliant les sections du conducteur doit faire plus de 4 mm2 ou 10 AWG.

Procédure de mise à la terre pour source d'alimentation CC Procédure de mise à la terre pour source d'alimentation CC

- Desserrez la vis du terminal de mise à la terre.
- Branchez le câble de mise à la terre à la terre.
- L'appareil de protection pour la source d'alimentation CC doit fournir 30 A de courant.

Cet appareil de protection doit être branché à la source d'alimentation avant l'alimentation CC.

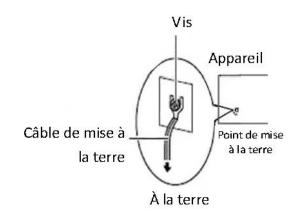


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Chapter 1: Introduction

Thank you for choosing the FX-3411. The FX-3411 is a 3U system designed for data center applications and UTM appliances which require high volume of data storage. It features hot-swappable HDD arrays and fans and redundant power supply. The system also utilizes the most current Intel chipset - Sandy Bridge and the IVY Bridge EP CPU in LGA 2011:

 2nd Generation Intel Sandy Bridge/Ivy Bridge processors E5-2600 in LGA2011:

E5-2658 (Sandy Bridge)/E5-2658 V2 (Ivy Bridge), E5-2680 (Sandy Bridge)/ E5-2680 V2 (Ivy Bridge), E5-2648L (Sandy Bridge)/ E5-2648L V2 (Ivy Bridge), E5-2670.

Quad-Channel DDR3 DIMM support:

It supports up to 512 GB of DDR3 system memory for registered SDRAM or 128 GB for unbuffered SDRAM on quad-channel DIMM banks.

- Internal CompactFlash connector for additional storage
- Optional IPMI-compliant management port:

An optional management port with IPMI interface to manage the system and monitor its operation.

 Twelve 3.5" or 2.5" hot-swappable HDDs to support high volume storage and high transferring rate of SATA III/SAS 6Gb/s

The optional RAID controller (LSI MegaRAID SAS 9260-16i) provides RAID 0, 1, 5, 6, 10, 50, 60.

 Customization and expansion opportunity with the Ethernet modules as well as the RAID card:

2 Ethernet Modules to support up to 16 GbE Ports:

A total of 2 Ethernet module slots can be fitted to add up to 16 additional ports in the front of the system. The RAID card can be inserted through a expansion slot on the backside.

Refer to the chart below for a summary of the system's specifications.

System Specification

Form Factor		2U Rackmount
Platform	Processor Options	Intel® Xeon® processor E5-2600 series on LGA2011 (Sandy Bridge-EP or Ivy Bridge-EP)
	Chipset	Intel® C604 series chipset Cougar Point PCH
BIOS		AMI BIOS 64Mb
System	Technology	Quad-channel DDR3 1066/1333/1600 MHz (Reg- istered or unbuffered, Ecc or non-ECC)
Memory	Max. Capacity	512GB (Registered) or 128 GB (Unbuffered)
	Socket	16 DIMM Sockets for quad- channel configuration
OS Support		Windows Server 2003, 2008, Linux Kernel 2.6 or above
Storage	HDD Bays	3.5" HDD x 12 (with HDD tray)
	CompactFlash	1 x Type II CompactFlash
	Ethernet Ports	1x RJ-45 with LED for IPMI Management / Mgmt
	Bypass	Depends on NIC module Bypass specification
Networking	Controllers	Intel Ethernet Controller, depends on NIC module specification
	Ethernet Modules	2 modules
	Management Port Security Accelera-	1 GbE RJ45 N/A
	Reset Button	1 x reset button Software reset by default
	Console	1 x RJ45
WO L	USB	2 x USB 2.0
I/O Interface	IPMI via OPMA slot	OPMA socket to support IPMI (IAC-AST2300)
	Display	VGA support via optional
Expansion	PCIe	1 x PCI-E*8 full height PCI-E card in the front 1 x PCI-E*8 via riser card with I/O port in the rear
	PCI	N/A

Introduction

	Processor	2U CPU heatsink with fan duct	
Cooling	System	3 x independent hot- swappable cooling Fans with smart fan control	
Environmen- tal Param- eters	Temperature, ambient operating / storage Humidity (RH), ambient operating / ambient non- operating	0 ~ 40° C / -20~70° C 5~95%, non-condensing /	
Miscellane- ous	LCD Module Watchdog Internal RTC with	128 x 32 text LCM with keypad Yes	
Physical Dimensions	Li Battery Dimensions (WxHxD) Weight	442 x 132 x 631 mm 35 kg	
Power	Type / Watts Input	800 W Redundant Power Supply Units 90~264V@47~63Hz	
Approvals and	<u> </u>	CE Class A, FCC Class A, RoHS	
Ordering	FX-3411A	2 x Intel® Xeon® E5-2600 series (Sandy/lvy-Bridge-EP) processor + 12 bays for 3.5" HDD with 2 Ether- net modules slot and one expansion slot in front, with CN1620	
Information	FX-3411B	2 x Intel® Xeon® E5-2600 series (Sandy/Ivy-Bridge-EP) processor + 12 bays for 3.5" HDD with 2 Ethernet modules slot and one expan- sion slot in front, without CN1620	

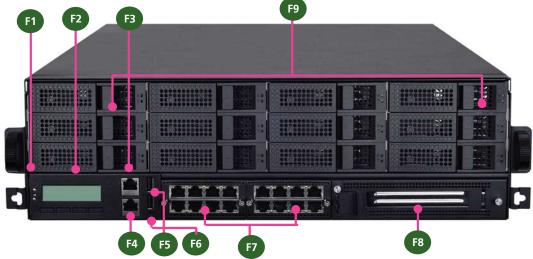
Package Contents

Your package contains the following items:

- FX-3411 Network Security Platform
- 2 passive CPU heatsink
- 2 power cables
- 1 crossover Ethernet cable (1.8 meters)
- 1 straight-through Ethernet cable (1.8 meters)
- 1 RJ-45 to DB-9 female console cable
- Drivers and user's manual CD.



Front Panel Features



F1 Power/Status/HDD LED

Power: If the LED is on it indicates that the system is powered on. If it is off, it indicates that the system is powered off.

Status: This LED is programmable. You could program it to display the operating status with the behavior like:

If the LED is green, it indicates that the system's operational state is normal. If it is red, it indicates that the system is malfunctioning.

HDD: If the LED blinks, it indicates data access activities; otherwise, it remains off.

F2 System Panel: LCD System Panel

The LCD System Panel can be programmed to display operating status and configuration information. For more details or sample programming code, please refer to the Drivers and user's manual CD.

F3 Management Port (provided by Intel 82574L)

This FastEthernet port can be connected for configuration or troubleshooting purpose. A conformity with IPMI (Intelligent Platform Management Interface) can be implemented through OPMA on this interface. It is also capable of Preboot eXecution Environment (PXE) to boot computers using a network interface. (This feature can be enabled or disable in the BIOS; the default is disabled).

F4 Console Port

By using suitable rollover cable or RJ-45 to DB-9 Female, you can connect to a computer terminal for diagnostic or configuration purpose. Terminal Configuration Parameters: 115200 baud, 8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit, no flow control.

F5 Two USB 2.0 Ports

It connects to any USB devices, for example, a flash drive.

F6 Reset Switch

The reset switch can be used to reboot the system without turning off the power.

F7 Swappable Ethernet Modules (with LAN bypass options)

LINK/ACT (Yellow)

- On/Flashing: The port is linking and active in data transmission.
- Off: The port is not linking.

SPEED (Green/Amber)

Amber: The connection speed is 1000Mbps.



Introduction

- Green: The connection speed is 100Mbps
- Off: .The connection speed is 10Mbps.



Note

- The availability of LAN Bypass varies depending on the model of Ethernet LAN module. For more information, visit the Lanner product website at www.lannerinc.com/x86_Network_Appliances/Network_ Modules
- 2. The number of LAN ports varies depending on the module. For more information on customization of Lanner network modules, visit the Lanner product website at www.lannerinc.com/x86_Network_Appliances/Network_Modules:
- 3. The management port is optional depending on the model.

F8 PCIe x 8 Expansion slot

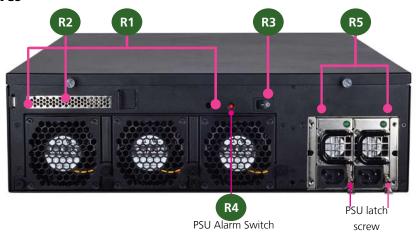
This slot can accommodate a half-length, full-height PCle Card, for example, a Cavium CN1620 Security Processor, an Infiniband adaptor for connecting SAN storage infrastructure, etc.

F9 Hot-swappable Hard Disk Modules

To support 12 hard disks, a SATA/SAS RAID controller has to be used on the system. An optional MegaRAID SAS 9260-16i RAID Controller can be ordered along with the system.

Introduction

Rear Panel Features



R1 Hot-swappable Modular Fans

These fans have smart fan feature which can be turned on automatically when the temperature exceed the set threshold.

R2 PCle Expansion Slot

R3 Power-on Switch

It is a switch to turn on or off the power.

R4 Power Supply Alarm Switch

When the alarm sounds (it indicates a power supply failure), switch off this button to turn off the alarm. Replace the failed power supply as soon as possible.

R5 Redundant Power Supply

The 350W redundant power supply is hot-swappable and can be withdrawn and replaced when the alarm sounds. The LED of the failed power supply will be turned off. To replace the failed power supply unit, unscrew the screw and press the latch to release the unit and pull it out.

Chapter 2: Hardware Setup

Preparing the Hardware Installation

To access some components and perform certain service procedures, you must perform the following procedures first.



WARNING: To reduce the risk of personal injury, electric shock, or damage to the equipment, remove the power cord to remove power from the server. The front panel Power On/Standby button does not completely shut off system power. Portions of the power supply and some internal circuitry remain active until AC power is removed.

- 1. Unpower the FX-3411 and remove the power cord.
- 2. Unscrew the 2 thumbscrews from the top cover of the FX-3411 System.
- 3. Slide the cover backwards and open the cover.

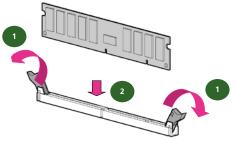


unscrew the thumbscrews on the back and open the top cover.

Installing the System Memory

The motherboard supports DDR3 memory to meet the higher bandwidth requirements of the latest operating system and Internet applications. It comes with Quad-Channel DDR3 Dual Inline Memory Modules (DIMM) sockets (a total of 16 DIMMs for 2 CPUs).

- 1. Open the DIMM slot latches.
- 2. Install the DIMM.





Note

- 1. The motherboards can support up to 128 GB memory capacity in maximum (Registered or unbuffered ECC/Non-ECC).
- The system support dual CPU configuration. If you have only one CPU, populate the DIMMs close to the installed CPU socket
- 3. Since the system is capable of *Quad Channel* configuration, some installation guidelines have to be followed to enable Quad Channel mode: To insert 4 DIMMs on the system, insert DIMMS into the 4 slots with black latches nearest to the designated CPU socket (CPU socket No1 or No2). And use slots with white latches if more slots are required.
- 4. To activate Dual Channel instead of Quad Channel in the system, populate any 2 slots with black latches nearest to the designated CPU socket (CPU socket No1 or No2). And then use slot with white latch that belongs to the same channel as the populated slot with black latch for any additional DIMMs.
- 5. Starting from the board edge (same for both CPU socket No1 and No2), one pair of black and white-latched slots is configured as one channel.

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Installing the CompactFlash Card

FX-3411 provides one CompactFlash slot. Follow the procedures bellow for installing a CompactFlash card.

- 1. Align CompactFlash card and the card slot with the arrow pointing toward the connector.
- 2. Push the card to insert into the connector.

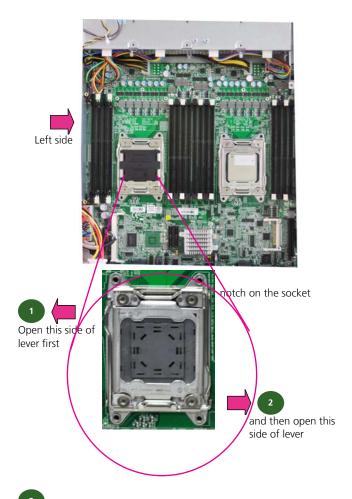


Installing CPU and the Heat Sink

The FX-3411 sever system is powered by the MB-8895 sever board, which comes with two LGA2011 CPU sockets.

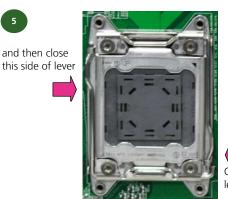
Follow the procedures bellow for installing a CPU:

- 1. Remove the CPU socket cap.
- 2. Press the load lever and release it from the retention tab. There are two levers for each CPU socket. Follow the sequence as instructed on the right to release both of them.
- 3. Lift the load lever and then the plate.
- Align the notches in the CPU base and the tabs on the socket. The CPU should fit perfectly into the socket. Note that the CPU fits in the socket in only one way.
- Close the plate and push the load lever to lock it back to the retention tab.
- 6. Align the heatsink's four mounting screws with the mounting holes in the chassis. Carefully place the heatsink on the CPU. Tighten each heatsink screw a little at a time to ensure that the CPU stays level. Tighten each set of diagonally opposed screws at a time.
- 7. Place the airflow guide.





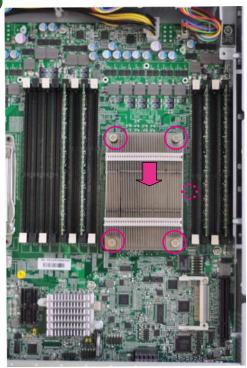




Close this side of lever first

Introduction







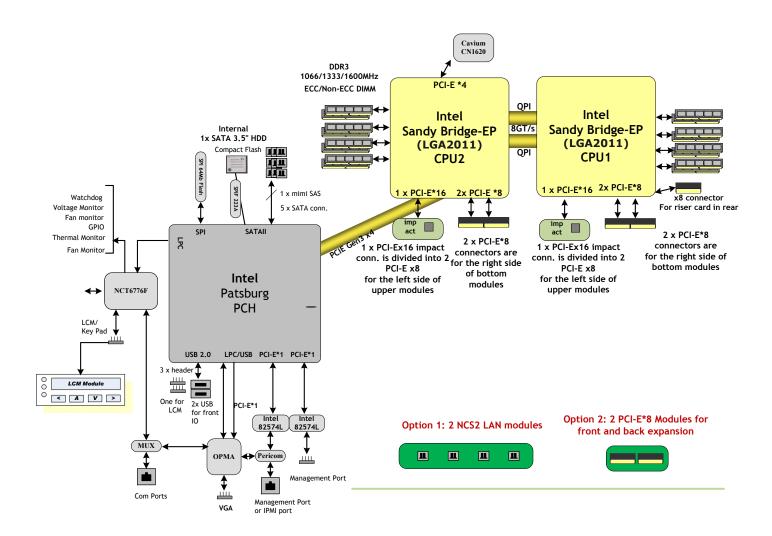
Note:

- 1. If you have only one CPU, install it on the left side (CPU socket No.1with the front panel facing you). Failure to do so will result in boot failure.
- 2. To protect the CPU socket pins, retain the CPU cap when the CPU is not installed.

Chapter 3: Motherboard Information

Block Diagram

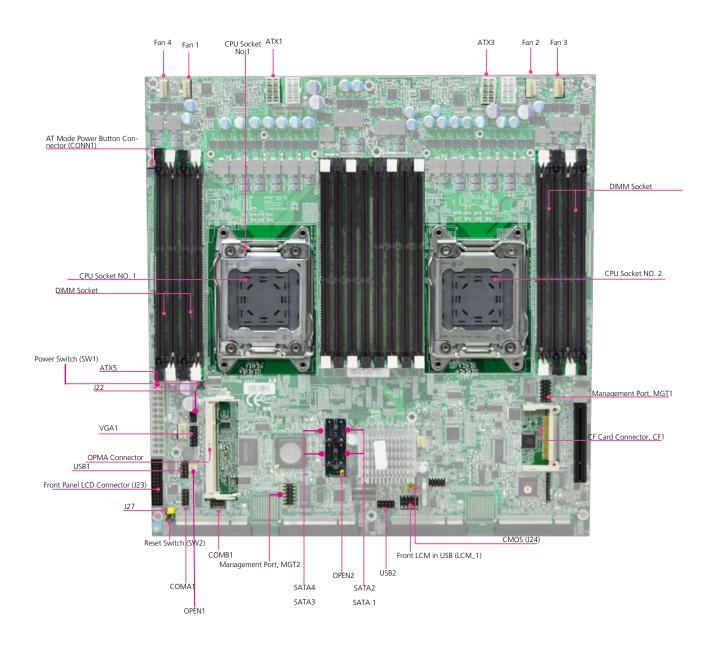
The block diagram depicts the relationships among the interfaces or modules on the motherboard. Please refer to the following figure for your motherboard's layout design.



Motherboard Information

Motherboard Layout

The motherboard layout shows the connectors and jumpers on the board. Refer to the following picture as a reference of the pin assignments and the internal connectors.



Motherboard Information

Jumper Settings

LCM_1: USB-type front LCD Message Display Module (LCM). It supports both text and graphic type of LCM. The board also facilitates Parallel -type LCM connector, refer to jumper J23.



Pin No.	Function	Pin No.	Function
1	P5V_SB	2	P5V
3	USB_PCH_P5N	4	
5	USB_PCH_P5P	6	HDD_LED_N
7	GND	8	GND
9	NTXD2	10	NRXD2

LCM_2: USB-type front LCD Message Display Module (LCM). This connector is reserved for customization purpose.



Pin No.	Function	Pin No.	Function
1	P5V_SB	2	USB_PCH_P4N
3	USB_PCH_P4P	4	GND
5	PWR_LED-	6	FAULT_N
7	HDD_LED_N	8	PWRON_N
9	P3V3_AUX	10	PCH_PLTRST_LCM_N

MGT1: RJ 45 management port connector

1			2 4
3			
5			6
7			8
9	L	Ш	10
11			12

Pin No.	Function	Pin No.	Function
1	MGT2_MDIP_0	2	MGT2_MDIN_0
3	MGT2_MDIP_1	4	MGT2_MDIN_1
5	MGT2_MDIP_2	6	MGT2_MDIN_2
7	MGT2_MDIP_3	8	MGT2_MDIN_3
9	MGT_LAN2_100#	10	MGT_LAN2_ACT#
11	MGT_LAN2_1G#	12	P3V3_AUX

Note: Unlike the other management port connector (MGT2), it doesn't share an output port (the Management port on the front panel) with the IPMI signal Hence, no switch is required to switch between these two signals.

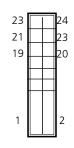
MGT2: RJ 45 management port connector

12		11
10		9
8		7
6		5
4		3
2		1

Pin No.	Function	Pin No.	Function
1	MGT2_MDIP_0	2	MGT_MDIN_0
3	MGT2_MDIP_1	4	MGT_MDIN_1
5	MGT2_MDIP_2	6	MGT_MDIN_2
7	MGT2_MDIP_3	8	MGT_MDIN_3
9	MGT_LAN_100#	10	MGT_LAN_ACT#
11	MGT_LAN_1G#	12	P3V3_AUX

Note: This MGT2 signal will not pass through when the IPMI card is present (board reference NO. OPMA1); The management port and IPMI share the same output port (the Management port on the front panel). Use the jumper OPEN2 to switch between these two signals.

ATX5: 24-Pin ATX Power Connector



Pin No.	Function	Pin No.	Function
1	+3.3V	2	+3.3V
3	+3.3V	4	-12V
5	Ground	6	Ground
7	+5V	8	PSON-
9	Ground	10	Ground
11	+5V	12	Ground
13	Ground	14	Ground
15	Power Good	16	NC
17	Stand-By 5V	18	+5V
19	+12V	20	+5V
21	+12V	22	+5V
23	3.3V	24	GND

ATX1, ATX3: 8-Pin ATX Power Connector



Pin No.	Function	Pin No.	Function
1	GND	2	12V
3	GND	4	12V
5	GND	6	12V
7	GND	8	12V

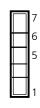
SATA1: SATA Revision III Drive Connector
SATA2~SATA4: SATA Revision II Drive Connector

It is for connecting a 3.5" SATA harddisk to be served as your system's storage. The system can support up to 4 3.5" disks in maximum. The system's BIOS supports



Motherboard Information

3 modes of SATA configuration, i.e., IDE, RAID, and AHCI. The chipset provides hardware support for Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) which is a programming interface for SATA host controllers. AHCI provides advanced performance and usability enhancements with SATA such as Hot-Plug, no master/savle designation for SATA devices and native command queuing (NCQ).



Pin No.	Function
1	GND
2	TX_P
3	TX_M
4	GND
5	RX_M
6	RX_P
7	GND



- To configure your Hard disk using the integrated RAID feature, the Intel®Rapid Storage Technology Utility has to be installed on your Operating System.
- You will need to select the RAID mode in the BIOS for your SATA drives first. There is also a Intel® RSTe OpROM utility for creating RAID volume; to enter the RSTe OpROM, press Ctrl-I during POST.
- 3. For operating systems other than Microsoft® Windows Vista and Windows® 7, it is required to pre-install the Intel Rapid Storage Technology driver during the F6 installation of Windows setup ("press F6 if you need to install a third party SCSI or RAID driver...").

Visit the Intel support page at http://www.intel.com/p/en_US/support/highlights/chpsts/imsm for more information and download links.

4. The Intel controller hubs are also supported by Linux. Beginning with Linux kernel version 2.6.27, the *mdadm* utility 3.0 supports RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 5, and RAID 10. To use the RAID features in dmraid and mdadm, you will need to set up the RAID volume using the Intel® Matrix Storage Manager option ROM (click CTRL + I when prompted during boot to enter the option ROM user interface).

FAN1~4: 5-Pin FAN Connector. The 4-pin connector is for connecting the CPU and system fans. These fans have smart features that which can are automatically set to operate at certain speed according to the deteced CPU or system temperatures. For more information, see **Smart Fan Mode Configuration** on *Chapter 4 BIOS Settings*.



Chapter 4 bios set			
Pin No.	Description		
1	Ground		
2	12V		
3	RPM Sense		
4	RPM Sense		
5	PWM Status		
4	RPM Sense		

CONN1: Power-on Switch



Description		
Ground		
FP_SWIN_R		

SW1: on-board power switch for debug.



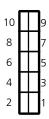
Pin No.	Description	
1	Ground	
2	Ground	
3	FP_SWIN_R	
4	FP_SWIN_R	

SW2: An onboard reset button for debug purpose.l



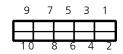
Pin No.	Description	
1	Ground	
2	Ground	
3	FP_RST_SEL	
4	FP_RST_SEL	

USB1: USB Connector. It is for connecting the USB module cable. It complies with USB2.0 and support up to 480 Mbps connection speed.



Pin No.	Description	Pin No.	Description
1	USB_VCC	2	USB_VCC
3	USBD0-	4	USBD1-
5	USBD0+	6	USBD1+
7	Ground	8	Ground
9	USB Port#1Ground	10	USB Port#2 Ground

USB2: USB Connector



Pin No.	Description	Pin No.	Description
1	USB_VCC	2	USB_VCC
3	USBD2-	4	USBD3-
5	USBD2+	6	USBD3+
7	Ground	8	Ground
9	USB Port#3Ground	10	USB Port#4 Ground



Motherboard Information

VGA1: VGA Interface. with a 2x6 (2.54") pin header. It is for connecting the VGA interface cable. Note the IPMI card (connector Reference NO. OPMA1) has to be present for this connector to work, i.e., the IPMI card provides VGA interface/signal.

-,	9-		
12			11
10		Ш	9
8			7
6			5
4			3
2			1

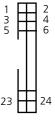
Pin No.	Function	Pin No	Function
1	R	2	Ground
3	G	4	Ground
5	В	6	Ground
7	H-SYNC	8	Ground
9	V-SYNC	10	Ground
11	Detect-display Data	12	Deteck-display CLOCK

Note: A 2x6 pin (2.0") header (J1) on the OPMA card is also provided as an VGA interface connector.

CF1: CF Card Connector

Pin No.	Description	Pin No.	Description
1	GND	26	CD1-
2	DATA3	27	DATA11
3	DATA4	28	DATA12
4	DATA5	29	DATA13
5	DATA6	30	DATA14
6	DATA7	31	DATA15
7	CE1#	32	CE2#
8	A10	33	VS1#
9	OE#	34	IOR#
10	A9	35	IOW#
11	A8	36	WE#
12	A7	37	READY#
13	CFVCC3	38	CFVCC3
14	A6	39	CSEL
15	A5	40	VS2#
16	A4	41	RESET
17	A3	42	WAIT#
18	A2	43	INPACK#
19	A1	44	REG#
20	A0	45	DASP#
21	DATA0	46	DIAG#
22	DATA1	47	DATA8
23	DATA2	48	DATA9
24	WP	49	DATA10
25	CD2-	50	GND

J23: Parallel -type front LCM connector. It supports both text and graphic type of LCM. The board also facilitates USB -type LCM connector, refer to jumper LCM_1.



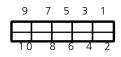
PIN	DESCRIPTION	PIN	DESCRIPTION
1	VCC	2	IOGND
3	LSTIN-	4	VEE
5	LAFD-	6	LINIT-
7	LPD1	8	LPD0
9	LPD3	10	LPD2
11	LPD5	12	LPD4
13	LPD7	14	LPD6
15	LCD	16	VCC
17	K1	18	K2
19	K3	20	K4
21	RESET	22	VCC3
23	GPIO	24	VCC3

COMA1: COM PORT Connector

10		9
8		7
6		5
4		3
2		1
- 1		ı

Pin No.	Description	Pin No.	Description
1	DCD1	2	DSR1
3	RXD1	4	RTS1
5	TXD1	6	CTS1
7	DTR1	8	RI1
	GND	10	FP_RESET_N

COMB1: COM PORT



Pin No.	Description	Pin No.	Description
1	DCD2-	2	DSR2-
3	RXD2	4	RTS2-
5	TXD2	6	CTS2-
7	DTR2-	8	RI2-
9	GND	10	

DIMM Sockets:

Since the system is capable of *Quad Channel* configuration, some installation guidelines have to be followed to enable Quad Channel mode. To insert 4 DIMMs on the system, insert DIMMS into the 4 slots with black latches nearest to the designated CPU socket (CPU socket No1 or No2). And then use slots with white latches if more slots are required.

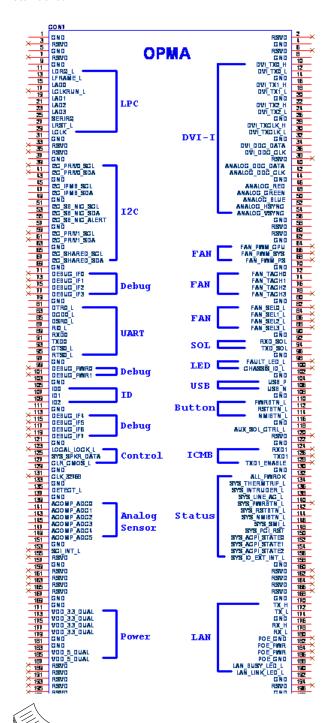


- To activate Dual Channel instead of Quad Channel in the system, populate any 2 slots with black latches nearest to the designated CPU socket (CPU socket No1 or No2). And then use slot with white latch that belongs to the same channel as the populated slot with black latch for any additional DIMMs.
- Starting from the board edge (same for both CPU socket No1 and No2), one pair of black and white-latched slots is configured as one channel.

Motherboard Information

CPU Socket NO.1 and CPU Socket NO. 2: When using only one CPU, install the CPU on the *socket NO.1* or the system will not function.

OPMA1: OPMA Connector. The OPMA connector is for connecting the OPMA card. When the OPMA card is connected, the management port will comply with the Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI) standard.



Note: A 2x6 pin (2.0") header (J1) on the OPMA card is provided as an VGA interface connector.



OPEN2: A switch to switch the output signal between MGT2 and OPMA1 since they share the same access port (the management port on the front panel). To let the MGT2 signal pass through instead of the OPMA signal, take out this jumper. In this way, you could have both VGA and Management connections.



Pin No.	Description
Short1-2	IPMI Pass-through
	(default)
Open 1-2	MGT2 Pass-through



Note: To have both VGA and Management (non-IPMI compliant) connections, take out the jumper block.

J27: A reset switch to switch between hardware and software reset function for the front panel reset button. A hardware reset function will reset the whole system while a software reset function will reset the designated software to its default value.



Pin No.	Description
1-2	Hardware Reset
2-3	Software Reset

OPEN1: Case open detection jumper. Use this to detect case open event.

 $\frac{1}{2}$

Pin No.	Description
1	GROUND
2	CSOPEN N

J24: Clear CMOS Jumper. Use this jumper to reset the BIOS setting to its factory default.



Pin No.	Description
1-2	Normal (default)
2-3	Clear CMOS

Chapter 4: BIOS Settings

Updating the BIOS

The Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) can be updated using the designated Flash Utility. To obtain the utility, please contact us either through the sales rep or technical support.



For the update version of the BIOS image, please also contact the technical support.



Accessing the BIOS menu

When you are installing a motherboard or when the system prompts "Run Setup" during start-up, you will use the BIOS Setup program to configure the system, . This section explains how to configure your system using this program.

Even if you are not prompted to enter the BIOS Setup program when you are installing a motherboard, you can still change the configuration of your computer later on with this program. For example, you may want to enable the security password feature or change the power management settings. This requires you to reconfigure your system by using the BIOS Setup program so that the computer can recognize these changes and record them in the CMOS RAM.

When you start up the computer, the system provides you with the opportunity to run this program. Press <Delete>during the Power-On-Self-Test (POST) to enter the Setup utility (There are a few cases that other keys may be used, such as <F1>, <F2>, and so forth.); otherwise, POST continues with its test routines.

If you wish to enter Setup after POST, restart the system by pressing <Ctrl+Alt+Delete>, or by pressing the reset button on the system chassis. You can also restart by turning the system off and then back on. Do this last option only if the first two failed.

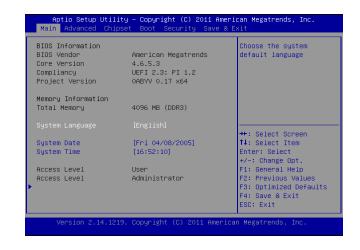
The Setup program is designed to make it as easy to use as possible. Being a menu-driven program, it lets you scroll through the various sub-menus and make your selections from the available options using the navigation keys.

Note: This manual describes the standard look of the setup screen. There may be some instances in which the motherboard features can vary from one to another due to customization. This means that some of the options described in this manual mays not match that of your motherboard's AMIBIOS.

Navigating the BIOS menu

The BIOS setup utility uses a key-based navigation system called hot keys. Most of the BIOS setup utility hot keys can be used at any time during the setup navigation process.

These keys include <F1>, <F4>, <Enter>, <ESC>, <Arrow> keys, and so on.



Keys	Description
-><- Left/Right	The Left and Right <arrow> keys</arrow>
^ \ [']	allow you to select an setup screen.
'	For example: Main screen, Advanced
	screen, Boot screen, and so on.
Up/Down	The Up and Down <arrow> keys</arrow>
	allow you to select an setup item or
	sub-screen.
+- Plus/Minuss	The Plus and Minus <arrow> keys</arrow>
	allow you to change the field value
	of a particular setup item. For
	example: Date and Time.
Tab	The <tab> key allows you to select</tab>
	setup fields.



The Main Menu

The main BIOS setup menu is the first screen that you can navigate. Each main BIOS setup menu option is described in this chapter.

The Main BIOS setup menu screen has two main frames. The left frame displays all the options that can be configured. "Grayed-out" options are configured parameters and cannot be modified. On the other hand, Options in blue can be modified.

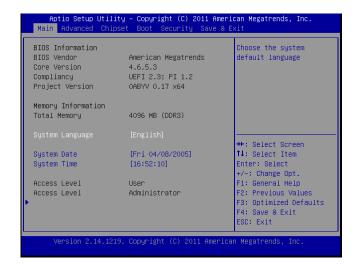
The right frame displays the key legend. Above the key legend is an area reserved for a text message. When an option is selected in the left frame, it is highlighted in white. Often a text message will accompany it.

System Language

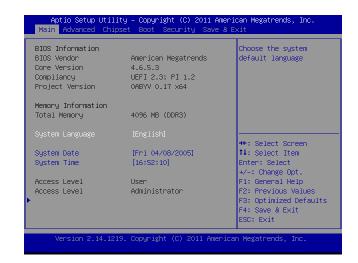
Use this item to choose the BIOS language.

System Time/System Date

Use this option to change the system time and date. Highlight System Time or System Date using the <Arrow> keys. Enter new values through the keyboard. Press the <Tab> key or the <Arrow> keys to move between fields. The date must be entered in MM/DD/YY format. The time is entered in HH:MM:SS format.









Advanced Settings

Select the Advanced tab from the setup screen to enter the Advanced BIOS Setup screen. You can select any of the items in the left frame of the screen, such as SuperIO Configuration, to go to the sub menu for that item. You can display an Advanced BIOS

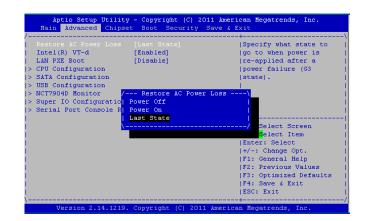
Setup option by highlighting it using the <Arrow> keys. All Advanced BIOS Setup options are described in this section. The Advanced BIOS Setup screen is shown at the right. The sub menus are described on the following pages.



Restore AC Power Loss

This option lets you set the state of the system when it has just recovered from a power outage.

Option	Description
Power Off	When setting to Power Off, the system goes into
	"off state" after an AC power interruption.
Power On	When setting to Power on, the system turns on
	automatically after a power interruption
Last State	When setting to Last State, the system goes
	into whatever the state was before the power
	interruption.
	·



Intel VT-d

Select to enable or disable the Intel Virtualization Technology for Directed I/O" (VT-d). The Memory and I/O virtualization are supported by the chipset as part of Intel Virtualization Technology for hardware-assisted virtualization.





LAN PXE Boot

The Preboot eXecution Environment (PXE) allows you to boot computers using a network interface independently of data storage devices (like hard disks) or installed operating systems. Enable or disable this function with this option here.

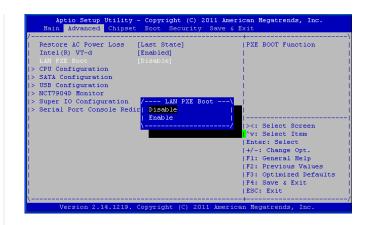
CPU Information

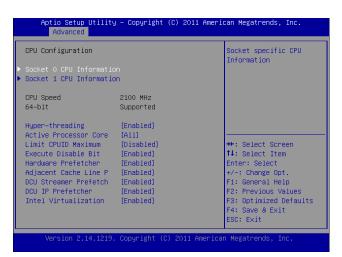
You can use this screen to view the basic information and capabilities of your CPU. For instance, the L1 to L3 level cache sizes and the clock rate are displayed here.

CPU Configuration Settings

You can use this menu to enable/disable certain functions of your CPU. Use the up and down <Arrow> keys to select an item. Use the <Plus> and <Minus> keys to change the value of the selected option. A description of the selected item appears on the right side of the screen. The settings are described below.

Item	Selection
Intel Hyper-	The Intel Hyper-Threading Technology
Threading	allows a hyper-threading processor to
	appear as two logical processors to the
	operating system, allowing the operat-
	ing system to schedule two threads or
	processes simultaneously.
	Select to enable or disable this feature.
Active Pro-	Select the number of processor cores to
cessor Core	be active in each processor package.
Limit CPUID	Allows legacy operating systems to boot
Maximum	even without support CPUs with extend-
	ed CPUID functions.
	Select to enable or disable this function
Execute Dis-	Select to enable or disable the No-Execu-
able Bit	tion Page Protection Technology.





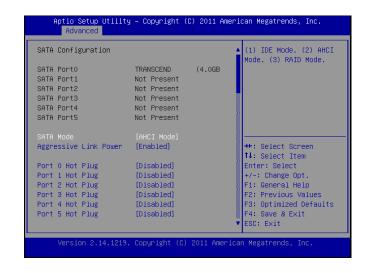
	Τ
ltem	Selection
Hardware	The processor has a hardware prefetcher
Prefetcher	that automatically prefetches data and in-
	structions from the memory into the Level
	2 cache that are likely to be required in
	the near future. This reduces the latency
	associated with memory reads.
	When enabled, the processor's hardware
	prefetcher will be enabled and allowed to
	automatically prefetch data and code for
	the processor.
	When disabled, the processor's hardware
	prefetcher will be disabled.
Adjacent	Select to enable or disable prefetching of
Cache Line P	adjacent line
DCU Stream-	Enable prefetch of next L1 Data Line
er Prefetch	based on multiple loads in the same
	cache line.
DCU IP	Enable prefetch of next L1 line based on
Prefetcher	sequential load history.
Intel Virtual-	The Intel VT is a hardware-assisted virtual-
ization	ization. This processor supports Intel Vir-
	tualization. Enable or disable this feature.



SATA Mode Selection

The system supports advanced SATA features such as software RAID.

Item	Selection
IDE Mode	Set to IDE mode when your want to use the
	Serial-ATA hard disk drives as Parallel ATA physical
	storage devices.
AHCI Mode	Set to AHCI mode when you want the SATA
	hard disk drives to use the AHCI (Advanced
	Host Controller Interface). The AHCI allows the
	onboard storage driver to enable advanced SATA
	features that increases storage performance or
	workloads where multiple simultaneous read/
	write requests are outstanding, most often
	occurring in server-type applications (native
	command queuing). It also facilitates hot
	swapping.
RAID	Set to the RAID mode when you want to create
	a RAID configuration from the SATA Hard disk
	drives. Thie chipset supports software RAID by
	using the Intel® Matrix Storage Manager
	software. For more information, visit
	http://www.intel.com/design/chipsets/
	matrixstorage sb.htm#benefit



Aggressive Link Power

Aggressive Link Power Management (ALPM) is a power-saving technique that helps the disk save power by setting a SATA link to the disk to a low-power setting during idle time. Power savings come at the expense of disk latency. As such, you should only use ALPM if you expect the system to experience long periods of idle I/O time. ALPM is only available on SATA controllers that use the Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI).

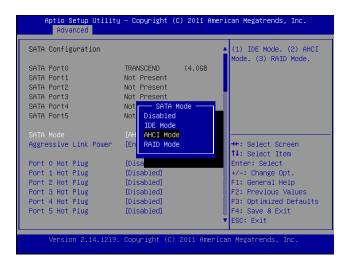
Serial ATA Port 0/1/2/3/4/5

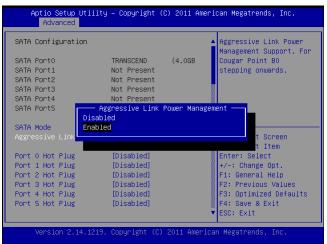
Use this menu to configure specific SATA Port for all ports on the system.

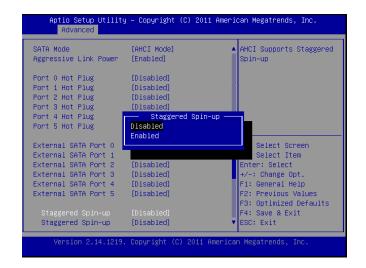
Option	Description
Hot Plug	The AHCI of SATA provides hot plug capability
	to allow drives to be added or removed with the
	PC running.
External	Called external SATA or eSATA, you can now
SATA	utilize shielded cable lengths up to 2 meters
	outside the PC to transform SATA to be an
	external storage, enable or disable this feature.

Staggered Spin-up

Spin-up can be employed to prevent the excessive power-consumption of spin-up from resulting in a power shortage in computers with multiple hard drives. Staggered spin-up typically starts one drive at a time, either waiting for the drive to signal it is ready or allowing a predefined period of time to pass before starting the next drive. Select to enable or disable this feature.









USB Configuration Setting

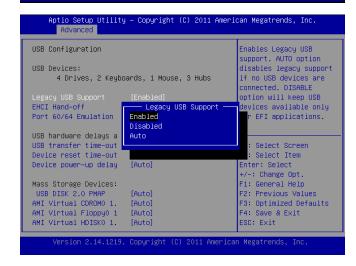
You can use this screen to select options for the USB Configuration. Use the up and down <Arrow> keys to select an item. Use the <Plus> and <Minus> keys to change the value of the selected option. The settings are described on the following pages.

Legacy USB Support

This option enable or disable the support for USB devices on legacy operating systems (OS), e.g., Windows ME/98/NT, and MS-DOS. Normally if this option is not enabled, any attached USB mouse or USB keyboard will not become available until a USB compatible operating system is fully booted with all USB drivers loaded. When this option is enabled, any attached USB mouse or USB keyboard can be used on the system even when there is no USB drivers loaded on it.

Option	Description	
Auto	Allow the system to detect the presence of USB	
	devices at startup. If detected, the USB controller	
	legacy mode is enabled If it is not detected, the	
	USB control er legacy mode is disabled.	
Enabled	Enable the support for USB devices on legacy	
	operating system	
Disabled	Disable this function.	

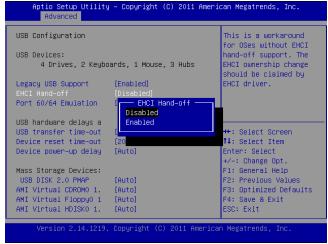
Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc Advanced USB Configuration support. AUTO option disables legacy support USB Devices: 4 Drives, 2 Keyboards, 1 Mouse, 3 Hubs if no USB devices are connected. DISABLE option will keep USB EHCI Hand-off [Disabled] devices available onlu for EFI applications. Port 60/64 Emulation [Enabled] USB hardware delays a USB transfer time-out ↔: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt Device power-up delay [Auto] Mass Storage Devices: F1: General Help F2: Previous Values AMI Virtual CDROMO 1 [Auto] F3: Optimized Defaults AMI Virtual Floppy0 1 [Auto] F4: Save & Exit AMI Virtual HDISKO 1. ersion 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends



EHCI Hand-Off

It allows you to enable support for operating systems which do not have the Enhanced Host Controller Interface hand-off (EHCI hand-off) feature for USB devices.

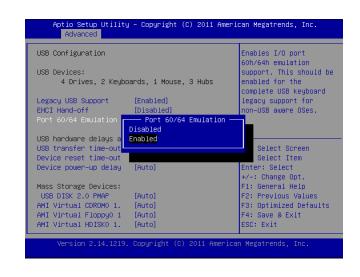
Option	Description	
Enabled	Enable this feature	
Disabled	Disable this feature	



Port 60/64 Emulation

This BIOS feature allows you to enable emulation of I/O ports 64h and 60h so that there is full PS/2 legacy support for USB keyboards and mice. It is also useful in providing USB keyboard and mouse support in Windows NT which does not natively support USB.

Option	Description
Enable	The BIOS will emulate I/O
	ports 64h and 60h for the
	USB keyboard and mouse.
	This enables PS/2 function-
	ality like keyboard lock,
	password setting and code
	selection.
Disable	The BIOS will not emulate
	I/O ports 64h and 60h for
	the USB keyboard and
	mouse. They will not have
	PS/2 functionality.



USB Hardware Delays a

The menu sets delay time for USB operations.

Item	Description	
USB transfer	set transfers to an endpoint to complete	
time-out	within a specific time.	
	 If set to zero, transfers will not time out 	
	because the host controller will not cancel	
	the transfer. In this case, the transfer waits	
	indefinitely until it is manually canceled or	
	the transfer completes normally.	
	If set to a nonzero value (time-out inter-	
	val), the host controller starts a timer when	
	it receives the transfer request. When the	
	timer exceeds the set time-out interval, the	
	request is canceled.	
Device reset	This option sets the reset timing for the	
time-out	USB Mass Storage to be initialized.	
	When set to 10 Sec, the BIOS will wait for	
	up to 30 seconds for the USB flash drive to	
	initialize.	
Device	This option sets the power-up timing for	
power-up	the USB Mass Storage to be initialized.	
delay		



PC Health Status

This menu shows the hardware monitor configuration settings. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the configuration options.

CPU0/CPU1/System Temp1/System Temp2 Temperature

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects and displays the CPU and motherboard temperatures.

FAN1B/FAN2B/FAN3B/FAN4B Speed

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects and displays the CPU, chassis and system fan speeds in rotations per minute (RPM). If the fan is not connected to the motherboard, it displays N/A.

CPU Voltage, 3V voltage, 5V voltage voltage

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects the voltage output through the onboard voltage regulators.

Smart Fan Mode Configuration

It allows you to configure the smart fan feature. You can manually turn on the CPU fan or enable the smart fan feature. And the CPU fan can be turned on automatically and operate at a slower or faster speed according to a preset temperature and duty cycle values. Refer to *Motherboard Layout* on Chapter 3 *Block Diagram* for CPU and system fan connectors. Note that all fans are configured the same with a uniform configuration.

<u> </u>	comigared the same with a announceding aration.	
Item	Selection	
Manual	Manually set the fan speed	
Mode		
Smart Fan	The preset the target CPU and system tem-	
Mode	perature at which the system fan will start	
	running according to a preset duty cycle %.	
	30(°C)13.7% duty cycle	
	50(°C)49% duty cycle	
	60(°C)60.8% duty cycle	
	72(°C)78.4% duty cycle	
	80(°C)100% duty cycle	







SuperIO Configuration

In this screen, you will be able to modify the IRQ address of the serial and parallel ports provided by the SuperIO chip.

Serial Port 0/1 Configuration

This option specifies the base I/O port address and Interrupt Request address of serial port 0 and 1.

item	Selection	
Enabled/	Set this value to prevent the serial port from	
Disabled	accessing any system resources. When this option is set to Disabled, the serial port physically	
	becomes unavailable.	
Change	Selects the serial port base address and IRQ for	
Settings	the interrupt address.	

Parallel Port Configuration

This option specifies the I/O address used by the parallel port.

Item	Selection
	Enable or disable this parallel port
Device	Selects the serial port base address
Settings	
Device Mode	Selects the modes from the following possibilities: STD Printer, Standard Parallel Port (SPP), Enhanced Parallel Port (EPP) and Extended Capabilities Port (ECP). Currently, new products have support of a mixture of these protocols. Consult your device's specification for exact protocols supported by your product.
	SPP: denotes normal or standard mode.
	EPP: used specifically for non-printer devices that would attach to the parallel port, particularly storage devices that needed the highest possible transfer rate.
	ECP: used specifically to provide improved speed and functionality for printers







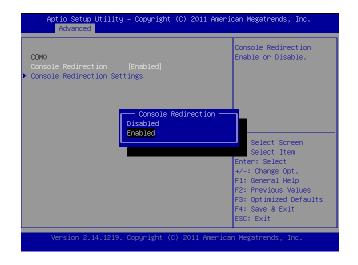
Console Redirection

Use this menu to set the settings for BIOS remote access feature.

Item	Selection
Console Redirection	Enable or disable BIOS
	through remote access
Console Redirection Set-	Enter to view more options
tings	

COM0/COM1 Console Redirection Settings

Item	Selection
Terminal Type	Sets the connection termi-
	nal type
Bits per second, Data bits,	Sets the terminal connec-
Parity, Stop Bits, Flow	tion parameters such as
Control	the baud rate, parity check
	mechanism, etc.





Bios Settings

Chipset

The chipset menu will let you further configure your Intel PCH information:

It also shows the memory capacity of the system and the installed memory on the system.





Boot Configuration

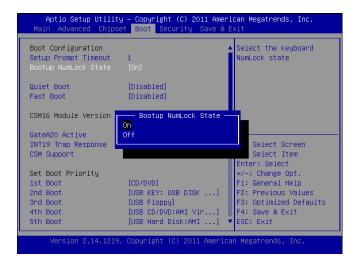
Select the Boot tab from the setup screen to enter the Boot BIOS Setup screen. You can select any of the items in the left frame of the screen, such as Boot Device Priority, to go to the sub menu for that item. You can display an Boot BIOS Setup option by highlighting it using the <Arrow>keys. Select an item on the Boot Setup screen to access the sub menus for the following described functions.

Boot Settings Configuration

In this screen, you will be able to configure the boot procedures and the related elements.

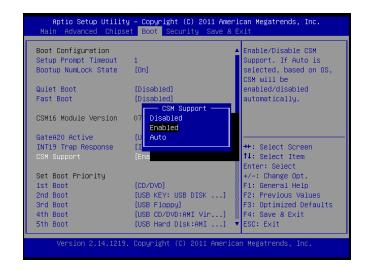
Items	Options
Setup Prompt Timeout	Specify the number of seconds
	for the boot setup prompt to
	wait for user's intervention
	during the POST.
Bootup Num-Lock State	This option lets you to
	enable or disable the
	function of the NumLock
	key.
Quiet Boot	Enabling this item allows
	the BIOS to suppress the
	message displayed during
	the POST.
GateA20 Active	This option sets the A20
	address line controlling
	method for handling above
	1MB memory access. By
	enabling the A20 gate, we
	have access to all 32 lines on
	the address bus, and hence,
	can refrence 32 bit addresses,
	or up to 0xFFFFFFF - 4 GB
	of memory. The controlling
	mode includes:
	Upon Request: when it is
	enabled by user programs.
	ALWAYS: never disables the
	A20 line
Interrupt 19 Trap Response	Set this value to configure
	how option ROMs such as
	network controllers trap
	BIOS interrupt 19.





Bios Settings

Items	Options
CSM Support (Compatibility	It provides compatibility
Support Module)	support for traditional
	legacy BIOS. This allows
	booting an operating
	system that requires a
	traditional option ROM
	support
	Select to enable or disable
	this function.
Set Boot Priority	Use this screen to specify the
	order in which the system
	checks for the device to
	boot from.





Security Settings

Select Security Setup from the Setup main BIOS setup menu. All Security Setup options, such as password protection and virus protection, are described in this section. To access the sub menu for the following items, select the item and press <Enter>:

Administrator Password

If you have set an administrator password, you should enter the administrator password for accessing the system. Otherwise, you will only be able to see or change selected fields in the BIOS setup program.

User Password

If you have set a user password, you must enter the user password for accessing the system.

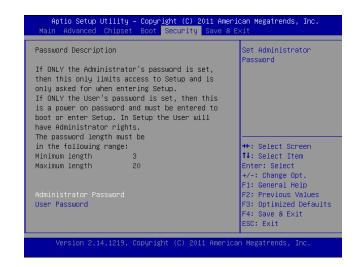
To set an Administrator/User password:

- 1. Select the option item and press Enter.
- From the Create New Password box, key in a password, then press enter.
- 3. Confirm the password when prompted.

To change an administrator password:

- 1. Select the option item and press Enter.
- 2. From the Enter Current Password box, key in the current password, then press enter.
- 3. From the Create New Password box, key in a new password, then press Enter.
- 4. Confirm the password when prompted.

To clear the administrator password, follow the same steps as in changing an administrator password, then press Enter when prompted to create/confirm the password.



Save & Exit

Select the Exit tab from the setup screen to enter the Exit BIOS Setup screen. You can display an Exit BIOS Setup option by highlighting it using the <Arrow> keys. The following table lists the options in this menu.

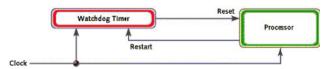
Item	Options
Save Changes and Reset	When you have completed
_	the system configuration
	changes, select this option
	to leave setup and reboot
	the computer so the new
	system configuration
	parameters can take effect.
Discard Changes and Reset	This option allows you
	to discard the selections
	you made and restore the
	previously saved values.
	After selecting this option,
	a confirmation appears.
	Select Yes to discard any
	changes and load the
	previously saved values.
Save Changes	Save your changes
Discard Changes	Discard changes
Restore Defaults	Restore to factory defaults
Save as User Defaults	Save all of your changes as
	an user default setting.
Restore User Defaults	Loads your saved user
_	default setting.
Boot Override	This section of the Boot
	Menu allows booting
	from a specific device
	immediately. Therefore you
	should see an entry for all
	bootable devices.
Launch EFI Shell from	This option allows you to
filesystem device	attempt to launch the EFI
	Shell application (shellx64.
	efi) from one of the avail-
	able filesystem devices.



Appendix A: Programming Watchdog Timer

A watchdog timer is a piece of hardware that can be used to automatically detect system anomalies and reset the processor in case there are any problems. Generally speaking, a watchdog timer is based on a counter that counts down from an initial value to zero. The software selects the counter's initial value and periodically restarts it. Should the counter reach zero before the software restarts it, the software is presumed to be malfunctioning and the processor's reset signal is asserted. Thus, the processor will be restarted as if a human operator had cycled the power.

For sample watchdog code, see watchdog folder on the Driver and Manual CD



To execute the sample code: enter the number of seconds to start count down before the system can be reset. Press start to start the counter and stop to stop the counter..

Dwd tst --swt xxx (Set Watchdog Timer 1-255 seconds)

wd_tst[*] --start (Start Watchdog Timer)

wd_tst --stop (Stop Watchdog Timer)

For sample watchdog code, see watchdog folder on the Driver and Manual CD



Appendix B

Setting up Console Redirection

Appendix B: Setting up Console Redirections

Console redirection lets you monitor and configure a system from a remote terminal computer by re-directing keyboard input and text output through the serial port. This following steps illustrate how to use this feature. The BIOS of the system allows the redirection of console I/O to a serial port. With this configured, you can remotely access the entire boot sequence through a console port.

- Connect one end of the console cable to console port of the system and the other end to serial port of the Remote Client System.
- Configure the following settings in the BIOS Setup menu:
 - BIOS > Advanced > Remote Access Configuration > Serial Port Mode > [115200, 8, n, 1]
- Configure Console Redirection on the client system. The following illustration is an example on Windows platform:
 - a. A. Click the start button, point to Programs > Accessories > Communications and select Hyper Terminal.
 - b. B. Enter any name for the new connection and select any icon.
 - c. Click OK.
 - From the "Connect to". Pull-down menu, select the appropriate Com port on the client system and click OK.
 - e. Select 115200 for the Baud Rate, None. for Flow contorl, 8 for the Data Bit, None for Parity Check, and 1 for the Stop Bit.

Appendix C

Programming LAN Bypass

Appendix C: Programming Generation 2 and 3 LAN Bypass

Lanner Generation 3 Bypass

The bypass function is used to link two independent Ethernet ports when the system crashes or powers off. This means if your system is equipped with a LAN Bypass function, a condition in your system will not interrupt your networktraffic. Different from the previous two generations (Gen1 and Gen2), the Lanner Bypass Gen 3 employs a programming method to control the bypass function by software. There are typically two communication status for the bypass function, one is "Normal" and another is "Bypass" status. Furthermore, the Lanner Bypass software is capable to control the bypass status in the following 3 states:

- 1. When the system powers off, it can be forced to enable the LAN Bypass function .
- 2. When the system is in the just-on state which is a brief moment when it powers up.
- 3. When the system is running

And the Lanner bypass possess the following features:

- Communication through SMBUS (I2C)
- 2. Independent bypass status control for each pair up to a total of 4 pairs
- Lanner Bypass Modules can bypass systems Ethernet ports on a host system during three instances: Just-on (Just-on is the brief moment when the internal power supply turns on and booting process starts), system off, or upon software request (during run-time).
- 4. Software programmable bypass or normal mode
- 5. Software programmable timer interval:
 - JUST-ON watchdog timer, used during JUST-ON, has timer setting of 5~1275 seconds of timer interval.
 - Run-Time watchdog timer, used during run-time, has setting of 1~255 seconds of timer interval.
- 6. Multiple Watchdog Timers:
 - -Two for run-time: It is designed to give you a more variety of controls of the bypass on port basis. By using dedicated watchdogs for different pairs of bypass, you have the flexibility to manage the bypass status for them differently.
 - -One for just-on: It is designed to give you the precise control of the bypass during this phase. You can use

this timer to delay enabling the bypass in just-on state.

Please refer to the LAN_Bypass_Watchdog folder on the Driver and Manual CD.

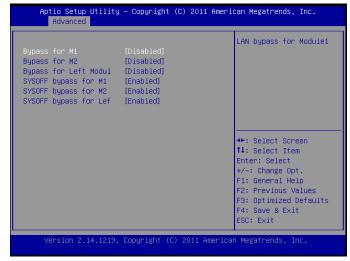
For sample LAN bypass code and the Bypass Manual, see the LAN_Bypass folder in the Driver and Manual CD or the Lanner support Website at http://www.lannerinc.com/download-center/.

For descriptions of the physical LAN ports equipped with this function, refer to *Front Panel Features* in *Chapter 1 Introduction*.

Lanner Generation 2 Bypass

Unlike Lanner Generation 3 bypass, Generation 2 bypass is configured through the BIOS menu as shown below:





Appendix C

Programming LAN Bypass

are the illustration of the possibilities of LAN bypass configuration with respect to both power-on and power-off states.

Bypass settings	LAN Bypass fo	LAN Bypass	
	Port 2		1&2 when
System Status			power off
•	Enabled	Disabled	Enabled
PWR ON	Bypass	Non-Bypass	
PWR OFF	Bypass	Bypass	

Bypass settings	LAN Bypass fo	LAN Bypass	
	Port 2		1&2 when
System Status			power off
•	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled
PWR ON	Non-Bypass	Non-Bypass	
PWR OFF	Non-Bypass	Non-Bypass	

 A watchdog timer can be used to control the LAN Bypass function dynamically by programming. Lanner also provides sample code for bypass control with WDT via programming. For sample code, look in the LAN_Bypass_Watchdog directory under Driver and Manual CD.

To compile:

#gcc wdbp.c -o wdbp

then switch to a root account to run ./wdbp for excution:

#./wdbp

Commands:

Enable the bypass

#wdbp.exe -f

Set Watchdog Timer. This command will set the time interval at which the counter will start count down.

#wdbp.exe -wl xxx (xxx: 1-255 sec for timer count down)

Reset Watchdog Timer. This command will reset the watchdog timer's counter and the bypass status to non-bypass.

#wdbp.exe -wr xxx (xxx: 1-255 sec for timer count down)



Note:

For a description of the physical LAN ports equipped with this functionality, refer to *Front Panel Features* in Chapter 1 Introduction.



Appendix D

Programming the LCM

Appendix D: Programming the LCM

The LCD panel module (LCM) is designed to provide realtime operating status and configuration information for the system. For sample LCM code, see *LCM* foler in the *Driver and Manual CD*. The driver and the program library can also be found in the folder.

The system supports the following 2 kinds of LCM:

- Parallel Text-based LCM: The LCM connects to the motherboard's parallel port. The LCD screen can display 2 lines, 16 (or 20) characters per line.
- USB and Serial Text or Graphic-based LCM: Our next generation LCM. Lanner engineers design a common source code to be deployed on these two differently interfaced LCM modules. Jumpers are used to select between text and graphic types. See next section.

For Parallel Text-based LCM

Build

To build program source code on Linux platform, use the following steps as a guideline:

- 1. Copy the proper makefile from the Driver and Manual CD to your system: Makefile.linux
- 2. Type make to build source code:

make Makefile (Note: omit the file extensions)

After compiled, the executable programs (plcm_test, plcm_cursor_char, Test) and the driver (plcm_drv.ko or plcm_drv.o) will appear in the program's folder.



Note: The OS supported by Lanner Bypass function include platforms based on Linux Kernel series 2.4.x and Linux Kernel series 2.6.x.

Install

Install the driver and create a node in the /dev directory by:

#insmod plcm_drv.ko

#mknod /dev/plcm_drv c 241 0



Note: If you cannot install the driver, check whether you have enabled the parallel port in the BIOS setting.

Execution

This section contains sample executable programs that you could test on your platform. It demonstrates some useful functionality that the LCM provides.

To execute, type:

#./plcm_test: This program runs through the following functions in sequence:

Backlight Off/On (turning off/on the backlight of the LCM display)

Display Off/On (turning off /on the LCM display)

Cursor Off/On (NOT showing/showing the cursor on the LCM display)

Blinking off/On (turning off/on the cursor blinking)

Writing Lanner@Taiwan (displaying the specific sentences)

Reading Lanner@Taiwan (reading the specific sentence)

CGram Test (displaying the user-stored characters)

Keypad Testing (Get the keypad inuput: the 1st button is read in as left, the 2nd buttonis read in as up, the 3rd button is read in as down, and the 4th button is read in as right)

Plcm_cursor_char: This program provides a menu to demonstrate the following functions:

Insert line (set the starting line to either line 1 or line 2)

Move Cursor right (select to move the cursor to the right)

Move Cursor Left (select to move the cursor to the left)

Add a char (select to display a character on the LCM screen)

Clear (select to clear the LCM display)

Leave (select to leave the program)

To execute, type:

#./ plcm cursor charr



Note: For descriptions of the command, refer to the Readme file contained within the program's folder.



Appendix D

Programming the LCM

For USB and Serial Text or Graphic-based LCM Jumper selection between text and graphic mode

TEXT LCM	110	000	J6
		000	J7
		000	J8
Graphic LCM	111	000	J6
		000	J7
		000	J8

Build

To build program source code on Linux platform, use the following steps as a guideline:

1. Extract source file:

#tar -xzvf lanner-serial-usb-lcm-version.tgz

2. Change directory to the extracted folder:

#cd lanner-serial-usb-lcm-vx

3. Type make to build source code:

#make

After compilation, the executable programs (usb_disp, usb_key, ser_disp, ser_key) where disp denotes display control and key denotes the keypad input function and usb and ser denote USB and serial interfaces respectively will appear in the program's folder.



Note

- The OS supported by Lanner LCM function include platforms based on Linux Kernel series 2.4.x and Linux Kernel series 2.6.x, FreeBSD 8.0, and DOS.
- 2. For information on installation on platforms other than Linux, see \lanner-serial-usb-lcm-v0.5\README and \lanner-serial-usb-lcm-v0.5\ dos-example\README

Install

To install, type the following command:

#mknod /dev/usb/hiddev0 c 180 96

Execution

This section contains sample executable programs that you could test on your platform. It demonstrates some useful functionality that the LCM provides.

Type the execution command:

#./ser_disp or./usb_disp

Options:

[-I] | [-o XXXXX] | [[-b YYYYY] | [-f ttyS_No] | [-d filename] |

[-g filename] | [-c cmd] | [-0 arg0] [-1 arg1]... [-h]

[-I]: Identify LCM information and get flash setting

[-o XXXXX]: to override default baud rate

valid values are: 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200

[-f ttyS_No]: assign the keypad device used as ttySNO

[-d filename]: to display the specified file on Text LCD

[-g filename]: to display the specified file on Graphic LCD

[-c cmd]: specify the command to be used.

[-0 arg0]: data[0]

[-1 arg1]: data[1]

[-2 arg2]: data[2]

[-3 arg3]: data[3]

[-4 arg4]: data[4]

[-v]: be verbose

[-h]: this help

#./ser key or ./usb key

The keypad function test program will not detect the keypad device; therefore, you should assign it with the [-f] option (the default is /dev/ttyS0 or /dev/usb/hiddev0)

Driver Installation

Appendix E: Driver Installation

Intel Chipset Driver Installation

This section provides the instructions on how to install Intel® chipset drivers.

The Intel Chipset Device Software installs the Windows* INF files. The INF files inform the operating system how to properly configure the chipset for specific functionality, such as AGP, USB, Core PCI, and ISAPNP services.

To install the Intel® Chipset driver on a Windows Operating System:

- 1. Restart the computer, and then log on with Administrator privileges.
- 2. Insert the Drivers and User's Manual CD to the USB-optical drive.
- Browse the contents of the support CD to locate the file infinst_autol.exe from the \Driver folder. Doubleclick the Executable file.
- 4. The program starts by extracting the file. Click Next to continue the installation process.
- Click **Next** when the Intel® Chipset InstallShield Wizard window appears.





6. Click Next when the Readme File Information screen appears.



Click Yes when the Software License Agreement screen appears.



8. Click Finish when the Setup Complete screen appears.



Driver Installation

LAN Adapters Driver Installation

This section provides the instructions on how to install Intel® Gigabit LAN adapter drivers.

On the Windows OS

To install the Intel® Gigabit LAN controller driver on a Windows Operating System:

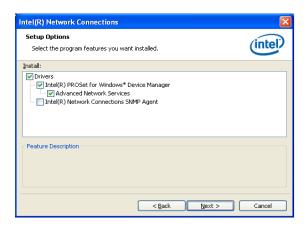
- Restart the computer, and then log on with Administrator privileges.
- Insert the Drivers and User's Manual CD to the USBoptical drive.
- Browse the contents of the support CD to locate the file PRO2KXP.EXE from the \Driver\LAN folder. Doubleclick the Executable file.
- 4. The program starts by extracting the file. Click Next to continue the installation process.
- 5. Click **Next** when the Intel® PRO Network Connections
 –InstallShield Wizard window appears.



Select the "I accept the terms in the license agreement" and then click Next.



7. Select the programs that you wish to install. Make sure that you have selected the drivers.



- 8. Click Nest and then **Install** to proceed the installation.
- 9. Click Finish to close the installation program.

To verify the LAN controller driver installation, do the following steps:

1. Right-click on the My Computer icon, and then select Properties form the menu.

Click the Hardware tab, then click the Device Manager button.

Click the + sign next to the Network adapters, then the Intel Pro/1000 [......] adapter should be listed.

Note: The system uses Intel 82574L Ethernet controllers, you could obtain the latest drivers at the Intel download center:

http://downloadcenter.intel.com/

You could also use the web based utility to detect the needed drivers automatically by visiting the following website:

http://www.intel.com/support/network/detect.htm



Driver Installation

On Linux

Follow these instructions when installing the Intel® LAN controller base driver for the in Red Hat® and Linux operating system.

- 1. Insert the motherboard/system support CD to the optical drive and mount the optional drive in the Linux platform.
- 2. Copy the base driver tar file from the motherboard/ system support CD to the directory of your local hard disk. The Intel® LAN driver for Linux OS is located in the following directory:

\Driver\LAN_Driver\PRO1000\LINUX. The name format of driver file is "e1000-<Version>.tar.gz". For example: the file name of driver version 7.0.38 is "e1000-7.0.38. tar.gz".

3. Untar/unzip the archive, where <x.x.x> is the version number for the driver tar file:

tar zxf e1000-<x.x.x>.tar.gz

 Change to the driver src directory on your system, where <x.x.x> is the version number for the driver tar:

cd e1000-<x.x.x>/src/

Compile the driver module by typing the following command:

make install

6. The binary will be installed as:

/lib/modules/<kernel_version>/kernel/drivers/net/e1000.o

The install locations listed above are the default locations. They might not be correct for certain Linux distributions.

7. Load the module using either the insmod or modprobe command:

modprobe igb

insmod igb

Note that for 2.6 kernels the insmod command can be used if the full path to the driver module is specified. For example:

insmod /lib/modules/<KERNEL VERSION>/kernel/drivers/net/igb/igb.ko

With 2.6 based kernels also make sure that older igb drivers are removed from the kernel, before loading the new module:

rmmod igb; modprobe igb

8. Assign an IP address to the interface by entering the following, where <x> is the interface number:

ifconfig eth<x> <IP address>

9. Verify that the interface works. Enter the following, where <IP_address> is the IP address for another machine on the same subnet as the interface that is being tested:

ping <IP_address>

Note: The system uses Intel 82574L Ethernet controllers, you could obtain the latest drivers at the Intel download center:

http://downloadcenter.intel.com/



Driver Installation

Intel Rapid Storage Technology Software Installation

- 1. Insert the Drivers and User's Manual CD to the optical drive. Or you can download this software from Intel website too
- 2. Browse the contents of the support CD under the directory: \Driver\ for RAID software.
- 3. Follow the on-screen instructions to install the software.



4. Restart the computer. You will find the "Intel Rapid Storage Technology" icon on the Windows task bar.



Appendix F

Terms and Conditions

Appendix F: Terms and Conditions

Warranty Policy

- All products are under warranty against defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one year from the date of purchase.
- The buyer will bear the return freight charges for goods returned for repair within the warranty period; whereas the manufacturer will bear the after service freight charges for goods returned to the user.
- The buyer will pay for repair (for replaced components plus service time) and transportation charges (both ways) for items after the expiration of the warranty period.
- 4. If the RMA Service Request Form does not meet the stated requirement as listed on "RMA Service," RMA goods will be returned at customer's expense.
- 5. The following conditions are excluded from this warranty:

Improper or inadequate maintenance by the customer Unauthorized modification, misuse, or reversed engineering of the product Operation outside of the environmental specifications for the product.

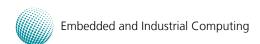
RMA Service

Requesting a RMA#

- 6. To obtain a RMA number, simply fill out and fax the "RMA Request Form" to your supplier.
- The customer is required to fill out the problem code as listed. If your problem is not among the codes listed, please write the symptom description in the remarks box.
- 8. Ship the defective unit(s) on freight prepaid terms. Use the original packing materials when possible.
- 9. Mark the RMA# clearly on the box.



Note: Customer is responsible for shipping damage(s) resulting from inadequate/loose packing of the defective unit(s). All RMA# are valid for 30 days only; RMA goods received after the effective RMA# period will be rejected.



Appendix F

Terms and Conditions

RMA Service Request Form

When requesting RMA service, please fill out the following form. Without this form enclosed, your RMA cannot be processed.

RMA No	:	Reasons to Return	: □ Repair(Please include fail	ure details)	
Compa	iny:	Contact Person:			
Phone	No.	Purchased Date:			
Fax No	.:	Applied Date:			
Shippir	Shipping Addr ng by: Air Fre	eight 🗆 Sea 🗆 Express			
Item	Model Name	Serial Number	Configuration		
reciii	riodel Nume	Serial Namber	Comiguration		
Item	Problem Code	Failure Status			
reciti	Troblem code	Tanare Status			
*Problei	 m Code:				
01:D.O. 02: Sec R.M.A.	A. ond Time OS Data Lost Fail C Fail	07: BIOS Problem 08: Keyboard Controller Fail 09: Cache RMA Problem 10: Memory Socket Bad 11: Hang Up Software 12: Out Look Damage	13: SCSI 14: LPT Port 15: PS2 16: LAN 17: COM Port 18: Watchdog Timer	19: DIO 20: Buzzer 21: Shut Down 22: Panel Fail 23: CRT Fail 24: Others (Pls specify)	
Request Party		Confirmed By Supplier			
Authori	ate				

